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EAST HERTFORDSHIRE COMBINED DISTRICTS

ANNUAL REPORT

of the health of

SAWBRIDGEWORTH URBAN DISTRICT

For the Year 1962

Report presented by

THE MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH

and

THE PUBLIC HEALTH INSPECTOR

COUNCIL OFFICES
FOREBURY
SAWBRIDGEWORTH

EAST HERTFORDSHIRE COMBINED DISTRICTS

REPORT OF THE MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH.

FOR THE YEAR 1962

SAWBRIDGEWORTH URBAN DISTRICT

PREFACE.

Mr. Chairman, Ladies and Gentlemen,

I have the honour to present the Annual Report upon the Health of the Urban District of Sawbridgeworth for the calendar year 1962.

The past year has once again been one of excellent health with a minimum of infectious disease.

The population increase has again been small but was greater than that of 1961 being 70 as compared with 20 in that year. This can probably be explained by the fact that the Council undertook no new building in 1962.

The total number of deaths fell from 77 to 74. This figure includes the deaths of infants under one year of age which fell from 4 to 1.

In the early part of the year much alarm was occasioned by the belief that a smallpox contact had travelled in a train from Liverpool St. to Bishop's Stortford. As it happened, the diagnosis of smallpox turned out to be incorrect. This incident is referred to in detail to the text of the report that the incident emphasizes the importance of parents having their children vaccinated at an early age. In November 1962 The Ministry of Health issued a recommendation that routine vaccination should be effected during the first two years of life, proferably during the second year. This reduces the possibilities of the spread of the disease if introduced into the Country and insures a better response in individuals when revaccinated. The vaccination of adults for the first time is not without risk and this will be minimised by infant vaccination.

It may be timely to utter a word of warning about Poliomyelitis as well. Although the number of cases of this disease was lower in England and Wales in 1962 than it has been for a very long time, parents must not lose sight of the facilities available for the protection of their children and themselves.

The same advise holds good as far as protection against Diptheria is concerned. The facilities are available and should be made use of otherwise the Country will lapse into an unprotected condition.

In last year's report mention was again made of the possibility of joining the Harlow Trunk Sewer. In the meantime Bishop's Stortford's project of laying a sewer from their district to connect to the Harlow Trunk Sewer which in turn drains to the works at Ryemeads has gained impetus.

As this sewer will pass through the district of Sawbridgeworth it is now the intention of the Council to connect to the Bishop's Stortford sewer rather than the Sheering sewer which is on the east side of the River Stort.

Mention must also be made of the granting of Armorial bearings to the Urban District during 1962. These bearings are now to be seen on the cover of this report.

I should like to thank the members of the Public Health Committee and the Council for the keen interest they have always shown in everything relating to the health of the Community and also for their support which I must appreciate.

I must also thank my colleagues for their constant help, especially the Surveyor and Chief Public Health Inspector, Mr. Ford, without whose ready assistance my task would be much more difficult.

I am,

Mr. Chairman, Ladies and Gentlemen,

Your obedient Servant.

Gordon M. Frizelle.

PUBLIC HEALTH DEPARTMENT.

MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH

Gordon M. Frizelle, T.D., M.D., D.P.H., Certificate in Radiological Protection.

Central Office: Council Offices,
High Street,
HODDESDON, Herts.

(Office Telephone: Hoddesdon 3061. Private: Ware 2746).

Deputy (Part Time) Medical Officer of Health

Peter de Bec TURTLE, VRD., M.A., B.M., B.Ch., D.P.H.,

Haileybury and Imperial Service College,
Hertford Heath.

Telephone: Hoddesdon 2040.

PUBLIC HEALTH INSPECTOR (and Surveyor).

C. A. Ford. Certificate of the R.S.I., and S.I.E.J. Board, Certificate for Inspectors of Meat and other Foods, Smoke Inspector's Certificate.

Public Health Department,
Council Offices,
The Forebury,
Sawbridgeworth, Herts. (Telephone: Sawbridgeworth 2161)

Clerical duties to the Public Health Department were carried out by Mr. R. A. Berry, Assistant Surveyor, with typing assistance from Mrs. P. J. Ince.

COMMITTEE CONCERNED WITH PUBLIC HEALTH.

Public Health matters are dealt with by the Highways, Public Health, Allotments and Lighting Committee, comprised of all the Members of the Council.

The Chairman of the Committee for the session of 1962/1963 was Councillor J. S. Emery.

SECTION A

GENERAL STATISTICS 1962

(Table 1)

(Figures for 1961 are shown in brackets).

POPULATION.

Estimated Mid-Year Population of Sawbridgeworth:			4,770	(4,700).
Natural increase or decrease	.....	+	34	
Migration in or out	.....	+	36	
Total increase or decrease	.....	+	70	

GENERAL STATISTICS.

Area in Acres	.....	.....	2,678	
Number of Inhabited Houses according to Rate Book:			1,596	(1,565)
Number of houses per acre	.....		0.59	
Number of Persons per acre	.....		1.77	
Number of Persons per house	.....		3.00	
Rateable Value of District			£59,383.	
Sum represented by a Penny Rate	.....		£238.	

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VITAL STATISTICS.

(Table 2)

Figures for 1961 are shown in brackets)

LIVE BIRTHS.

	Male	Female.	Total.
Legitimate	43 (35)	28 (41)	71 (76)
Illegitimate	2 (0)	1 (1)	3 (1)
Total Live Births	45 (35)	29 (42)	74 (77)

Live Birth Rate per 1,000 population	15.51 (16.38)
Area Comparability Factor for Births	0.97 (0.97)
Standardised Live Birth Rate per 1,000 population	15.05 (15.87)
Illegitimate Live Births per cent of total live births	4.05 (1.29)

STILL BIRTHS

	Male	Female	Total
Legitimate	1 (1)	0 (1)	1 (2)
Illegitimate	0 (0)	0 (0)	0 (0)
Total Still Births	1 (1)	0 (1)	1 (2)

Still Births rate per 1,000 total live and still-births	13.33 (25.32)

TOTAL LIVE AND STILL BIRTHS

	Male	Female	Total.
Legitimate	44 (35)	28 (42)	72 (77)
Illegitimate	2 (1)	1 (1)	3 (1)
Total Live and Still Births	46 (36)	29 (43)	75 (79)

VITAL STATISTICS (Continued)

INFANT DEATHS

	Males	Females	Total
Infants under one week, total	0 (3)	0 (0)	0 (3)
Legitimate	0 (3)	0 (0)	0 (3)
Illegitimate	0 (0)	0 (0)	0 (0)
Infants under four weeks, total	0 (0)	0 (0)	0 (0)
Legitimate	0 (0)	0 (0)	0 (0)
Illegitimate	0 (0)	0 (0)	0 (0)
Infants under one year, total	0 (1)	1 (0)	1 (1)
Legitimate	0 (0)	1 (0)	1 (4)
Illegitimate	0 (0)	0 (0)	0 (0)

INFANT MORTALITY RATES.

Infant Mortality Rate per 1,000 total live births.	13.51	(51.95)
Legitimate infant deaths per 1,000 legitimate live births.	13.51	(52.63)
Illegitimate infant deaths per 1,000 illegitimate live births	0.0	(0.0)
Neo-natal Mortality Rate (deaths of infants under four weeks per 1,000 total live births)	0.0	(39.86)
Early Neo-natal Mortality Rate (deaths of infants under one week per 1,000 total live births)	0.0	(38.96)
Perinatal Mortality Rate (still-births and deaths of infants under one week combined - per 1,000 total live and still births).	21.74	(50.63)

VITAL STATISTICS (continued).

MATERNAL DEATHS

Maternal Deaths, including abortion	0.0	(0)
Maternal Mortality Rate per 1,000 live and still births	0.0	(0)

DEATHS (total)

Deaths of all ages	Males	20	(30)
	Females	20	(19)
	Total	40	(49)
Death Rate per 1,000 population		8.38	(10.45)
Area Comparability Factor for Deaths		1.03	(1.04)
Standardised Death Rate per 1,000 population.		8.63	(10.84)

COMPARISON RATES.	Sawbridgeworth U.D.C.	Hertford County	England & Wales
Live Birth Rate	15.51	18.91	-
Area Comparability Factor	0.97	0.9	-
Standardised Birth Rate	15.05	16.37	18.
Still Births Rate	13.33	14.22	18.1
Infant Mortality Rate	13.51	17.76	20.7
Legitimate	13.51	17.45	-
Illegitimate	0.0	24.67	-
Neo-Natal Mortality Rate	0.0	13.02	15.1
Early Neo-Natal Mortality Rate-	0.0	11.35	-
Perinatal Mortality Rate	0.0	31.73	-
Maternal Mortality Rate	0.0	0.91	0.35
Death Rate	8.38		
Area Comparability Factor	1.04	1.13	-
Standardised Rate	8.63	10.81	11.9

PREVALANCE OF, AND CONTROL OVER INFECTIOUS DISEASES

Notifiable Diseases (other than Tuberculosis) notified during the year.

	1st Quarter	2nd Quarter	3rd Quarter	4th Quarter	Total
Scarlet Fever	NIL	1	Nil	Nil	1
Measles	Nil	9	1	Nil	10
Dysentery	Nil	1	Nil	Nil	1
Erysipelas	Nil	Nil	1	Nil	1

TUBERCULOSIS.

Commencement of Year -

Males : Pulmonary - 7 Non-Pulmonary - Nil

Females : Pulmonary - 7 Non-Pulmonary - 2.

Two New Cases.
Four removed from Register.

Remaining on Register

Males : Pulmonary - 4 Non-Pulmonary - Nil

Females : Pulmonary - 8 Non-Pulmonary - 2.

CAUSES OF DEATH DURING THE YEAR 1962.

Line No.		Male	Female
	ALL CAUSES.	20	20
1	Tuberculoses, respiratory	0	0
2	Tuberculosis, other	0	0
3	Syphilitic disease	0	0
4	Diptheria	0	0
5	Whooping Cough	0	0
6	Meningococcal infections	0	0
7	Acute Poliomyelitis	0	0
8	Measles	0	0
9	Other infective and parasitic disease	0	0
10	Malignant Neoplasm, Stomach	1	0
11	" " Lung, Bronchus	3	0
12	" " Breast	0	0
13	" " uterus	0	0
14	Other malignant and lymphatic neoplasms	0	2
15	Leukaemia, aleukaemia	0	0
16	Diabetes	0	0
17	Vascular lesions of nervous system	1	0
18	Coronary disease, angina	4	5
19	Hypertension with heart disease	0	1
20	Other heart disease	3	4
21	Other circulatory disease	1	0
22	Influenza	1	1
23	Pneumonia	2	0
24	Bronchitis	2	2
25	Other diseases of respiratory system	1	1
26	Ulcer of Stomach and duodemum	0	0
27	Gastritis, enteritis and diarrhoea	0	0
28	Nephritis and nephrosis	0	0
29	Hyperphasia of prostate	0	0
30	Pregnancy, childbirth, abortion	0	0
31	Congenital malformations	0	0
32	Other defined and ill-defined diseases	1	3
33	Motor vehicle accidents	0	1
34	All other accidents	0	0
35	Suicide	0	0
36	Homicide and operations of war	0	0
(a)	Still Births	1	0
(b)	Deaths of infants under four weeks of age ..	0	0
(c)	Deaths of infants four weeks to one year of age .	0	1

GENERAL STATISTICS

The slow upward trend in the population figures has been maintained, with an estimated mid-year population of 4,770. This makes an increase of 70 over last year's total, though this is an improvement as to the 1961 increase of only 20. It is estimated that this increase is attributable to 34 from natural sources and 36 from inward migration.

The total number of inhabited houses rose from 1,547 to 1,565.

VITAL STATISTICS

There was a slight fall in the total number of live births, the 1962 figure being 74 as compared with 77 in 1961. The still-births fell from 2 the previous year to 1 in 1962.

The deaths in infants under one year of age fell from 4 to 1 this when translated into the infant mortality rate per 1,000 total live births gives, in a small community, a marked decrease in the rate.

Once more there were no maternal deaths attributable to child-birth or miscarriage.

The total number of deaths at all ages fell from 49 to 40.

CAUSES OF DEATH

Once again all forms of heart disease accounted for the largest proportion of the deaths in 1962, comprising 18 out of the total of 40 or 45%. Vascular lesions of the nervous system fell to 1 case, but there were 6 deaths due to various malignant conditions and out of these 6, half were caused by Cancer of the Lung.

Deaths over the age of 70 were as follows:-

70 - 79	80 - 89	90 - 99	100 -
16	13	1	0

Thus 30 or 75% of all the deaths occured in persons over the age of 70.

The one infant death was due to accidental causes.

INFECTIOUS DISEASES

Only 10 cases of Measles occurred during 1962.

INFECTIOUS DISEASE

Early in January cases of Smallpox imported from Pakistan were reported from London, Birmingham, Cardiff and Bradford. Later in the year an outbreak also occurreed in Glamorgan.

On 13th January a girl collapsed in Harrow and was taken by amulance to hospital where she subsequently died. Later that day the ambulance which took her to hospital conveyed three patients who were being discharged from hospital to Liverpool St. Station where one of them was placed in a train to Bishop's Stortford. At Bishop's Stortford the patient was met by an ambulance and taken home to Essex.

After admission to hospital, the symptoms of the girl who had collapsed led to a provisional diagnosis of smallpox being made. In consequence, the hospital was closed, Liverpool St. Station was informed and the train which conveyed the returning patient to Bishop's Stortford was taken out of service at Broxbourne at 10.28 p.m. Here the police advised passengers to seek vaccination from their own doctors.

Reports which started to reach me later on the night of Saturday, 13th January were confused and contradictory. It was well into the early hours of Sunday morning before a clear picture began to emerge and this was largely due to the invaluable assistance I received from the Hertford Ambulance Station, in particular the Ambulance Supervisory Officer on duty, to whom I am much indebted.

In the meantime doctors in many parts of East Herts. were being wakened with demands for immediate vaccination. Early on Sunday morning arrangements were made for the procurement of stocks of vaccine.

On Sunday 14th January, however, a post mortem examination on the deceased girl revealed that the cause of death was not smallpox at all and the hospital was accordingly reopened.

As soon as the full facts became known, especially the important fact that there was no question of smallpox, all doctors and authorities concerned were informed and a comprehensive statement was made to the Press, to who I am very grateful for the wide publicity they gave in order to allay alarm. This emphasizes the important role the Press can play in assisting the Health Department.

Despite the fact that there was no cause for alarm, doctors in East Hertfordshire as elsewhere in the country were overwhelmed by requests for vaccination from persons who could not remotely be deemed to be contacts. This diverted supplies of vaccine from the areas where they were most needed to such an extent that for a time a National Rationing System had to be imposed. This was relaxed as additional stocks of vaccine became available.

The lesson to be learnt from this local incident as well as from the genuine outbreaks elsewhere is the importance of infant vaccination as pointed out in the preface to this report.

TUBERCULOSIS.

At the beginning of the year there were 16 cases in the Register, two of which were non-pulmonary.

During the year 4 were removed from the Register, three having recovered and one having moved elsewhere.

Two new cases were notified both being local residents. The total at the end of the year was thus 14.

Final figues for the Mass X-ray Survey of 1961 were:-

	Males	Females	Total
Number X-rayed.	181	404	585
Number requiring further investigation	2	7	9
No further action required	1	2	3
Other abnormalities.	2	4	6

This shows a low response from the community which it is hoped will be bettered when the next survey takes place.

NATIONAL ASSISTANCE ACTS 1948 - 51.

No action requiring removal under Section 47 was necessary.

FLUORIDATION OF WATER SUPPLIES

The Council agreed to support Harlow Urban District Council to secure fluoridation of the water supply in this area to a level of one part per million.

Special reports were made to the Council on the subjects of Non-Fatal Accidents to Children, Fluoridation of Water Supplies, Poisoning, Accidental Deaths, Smallpox and Vaccination, The Storage and Preservation of food, The Tuberculosis Immigrant.

BUILDING.

No new Council building was undertaken in 1962 but 31 new houses were built by private enterprise.

S E C T I O N B

GENERAL PROVISION OF HEALTH SERVICES FOR SAWBRIDGEWORTH

LABORATORY SERVICE

Laboratory facilities are provided by the Public Health Laboratory Service at Cambridge.

In emergency, specimens can be examined at the Laboratory of the Herts and Essex General Hospital, Bishop's Stortford, Herts.

COUNTY COUNCIL HEALTH SERVICES

The following County Council Services under the National Health Service Act 1946, are available in the District. Full details can be obtained from the County Medical Officer, County Hall, Hertford.

Home Nursing, Midwifery, Health Visiting and Welfare Centres.

Number of Nurses : 3 Welfare Centre : 1.

Vaccinations against Smallpox, Whooping Cough, Poliomyelitis Diphtheria and Tetanus

Medical Officers at the Welfare Centre will vaccinate or immunise babies at the request of parents. Family Doctors will also provide this prophylaxis free of charge.

Home and Domestic Help.

Applications for this Service should be addressed to the Local Organiser at 25a, Portland Road, Bishop's Stortford, (Telephone: Bishop's Stortford 332).

A charge may be made for this Service, in accordance with the County Council's assessment scale.

Care and After-Care.

Applications for recuperative holidays, if recommended by the Medical Attendant, should be made to the County Medical Officer.

Equipment can be issued on loan to patients being nursed at home. A Medical Loan Depot has been established at Bishop's Stortford.

A charge may be made for both the above Services.

Ambulance Service.

There is an Ambulance Station at Bishop's Stortford (Telephone: Bishop's Stortford 1101). Except in emergency, an ambulance should be ordered by a medical practitioner.

Day Nurseries.

There is no Day Nursery at Sawbridgeworth.

Mental Health.

Arrangements for patients requiring treatment under the Mental Health Act 1959 can be made by their own Doctors or by the Mental Health Officer, Mr. J. H. Webster, Collett Road, Ware, Herts. (Telephone: Ware 2541).

Help in respect of Mentally Defective persons can be obtained by application to the County Medical Officer.

An Occupation Centre for defective children has been established in Hertford.

Hospital Services.

Sawbridgeworth is served chiefly by the Herts and Essex General Hospital (formerly Haymeads) and by the Bishop's Stortford and District Hospital.

These Hospitals are managed by the Hertford Group Hospital Management Committee, within the North East Metropolitan Regional Hospital Board.

General Practitioner Medical Services.

Two General Practitioners reside and practise in Sawbridgeworth: but the Town is also served by Practitioners in the Harlow (Essex) and Bishop's Stortford localities.

Dental Service.

Dental Practitioners are available in adjoining towns.

Old People's Welfare Association.

This body is very active in Sawbridgeworth and in addition to its other functions, has for a number of years been responsible for a much needed Chiropody Service.

Other Services.

There is a Mortuary owned and managed by the Urban District Council. Blood Transfusion Donor Sessions are held at the Memorial Hall.

S E C T I O N C .

SANITARY CIRCUMSTANCES OF THE AREA.

WATER SUPPLY.

The piped supply is provided by the Lee Valley Water Company to 1,651 premises.

31 premises in the District, including new houses, were connected to the mains during the year, leaving four dwellings in Spellbrook which are supplied from privately-owned wells.

The water supply to the district has been regularly sampled throughout the year and submitted for analysis. 47 samples were sent for analysis for bacteriological examination and in each case the water showed no evidence of contamination. 13 water samples were sent to the Laboratory for chemical analysis and the reports showed that all samples conformed to Standards of purity suitable for public supply.

DRAINAGE, SEWERAGE AND SEWAGE DISPOSAL

Most of the District is served by main drainage. Sewage is disposed of at two sewage works. The effluent at the principal works is discharged into the River Stort after purification and in the case of the other (smaller) works, it is disposed of by septic tank treatment followed by and irrigation.

Seven out of eleven samples of effluent taken from the Central Sewage Works for analysis were satisfactory upon analysis. Four samples were slightly high in suspended matter, and B.O.D. content.

The Council have under consideration a scheme for disposing of sewage effluent to the Rye Meads Sewage Works by connection of district sewers to the new sewer to be constructed by Bishop's Stortford Urban District.

REFUSE COLLECTION AND DISPOSAL

Household refuse is collected weekly and is disposed of by controlled tipping at Harlow U.D.C. Tip. Special arrangements are made in connection with trade refuse.

PARTICULARS OF PUBLIC HEALTH INSPECTOR'S WORK.

During the year 1962.

Summary of Visits.

Public Health Acts	...	...	..	217
Housing Acts	...	...	..	121
Food and Drugs Act	...	...	..	105
Factories Act	...	...	..	46
Miscellaneous	...	...	..	249
				738

Number of informal Notices served	..	5
Number of Statutory Notices served	..	Nil

HOUSING ACTS 1936-1959.

NEW HOUSING

31 private dwellings were completed during the year. The Council have under consideration the erection of dwellings at Bullfields and Sheering Mill Lane.

HOUSING AND HOUSE PURCHASE ACT 1959.

Three applications were received from applicants for standard grants in respect of three properties, all of which were granted.

The Council carried out improvements to 32 Council houses providing hot water supply, baths and re-wiring of houses.

FOOD AND DRUGS ACTS.

Milk.

Number of Retail Purveyors of Milk	2
Number of Dairies	1

Supplementary Licences to use Special Designations

Pasteurised	2
Sterilised	2
Tuberculin Tested	2

The Dairy was inspected on twelve occasions during the year. Purveyors' delivery vehicles also receive frequent inspection.

Ice Cream.

No Ice Cream is manufactured in the district. There are twelve registered premises who sell wrapped ice cream, and regular inspections are carried out.

Unsound Food.

The following foods were found unfit for human consumption and were surrendered:-

Category	No. of Tins or Containers.	Weight in lb.
Meat (tinned).	12	48
Fish (wet).	-	91
	Total Weight:	139 lbs.

(1961 Total - 52 lbs)

Shops and other premises engaged in the sale and preparation of foodstuffs number 38. This number is made up as follows:-

Butchers	4
Grocers and Provision Merchants	10
Bakehouses	2
Fish Shops	1
Cafes, Pulic Houses etc.,	6
Institutional Kitchen, Schools and Industrial Canteens	9
Greengrocers.	5

109 visits were made to these food premises during the year.

PREVENTION OF DAMAGE BY PESTS ACT 1949.

No charge is made in respect of private dwellings.

Routine Sewer treatments were carried out twice during the year, and the Council Tip and Sewage Works were similarly treated.

RODENT CONTROL - Summary of Work Done.

Total number of premises inspected	...	177
Number of premises infested	...	21
Number of premises treated by the Council	...	21
Total number of visits and re-visits	...	252

PRESCRIBED PARTICULARS ON THE ADMINISTRATION OF THE FACTORIES ACT 1937

PART 1 OF THE ACT

1 - INSPECTIONS for purposes of provisions as to health (including inspections made by Public Health Inspectors).

Premises (1)	Number on Register (2)	Number of		
		Inspections (3)	Written Notices (4)	Occupiers prosecuted (5)
(1) Factories in which Sections 1, 2, 3, 4 & 6 are to be enforced by Local Authorities	-	-	-	-
(ii) Factories not included in (1) in which Section 7 is enforced by the Local Authority	21	32	-	-
(iii) Other premises in which Section 7 is enforced by the Local Authority (excluding out-workers' premises)	2	14	-	-
Total	23	46	-	-

2 - Cases in which DEFECTS were found
(If defects are discovered at the premises on two, three or more separate occasions they should be reckoned as two, three or more "cases").

Particulars (1)	Number of cases in which defects were found				Number of cases in which prosecutions were instituted (6)
	Found (2)	Remedied (3)	Referred To H.M. Inspector (4)	Referred By H.M. Inspector (5)	
Want of cleanliness (S.1). Overcrowding (S.2). Unreasonable temperature (S.3). Inadequate ventilation (S.4).	NIL.				

2 - Cases in which DEFECTS were found, etc..... continued.

Particulars	Number of cases in which defects were found				Number of cases in which Prosecutions were instituted
	Found	Remedied	Referred To H.M. Inspector	Referred By H.M. Inspector	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
Ineffective drainage of floors (S.6.)					
Sanitary conveniences (S.7). (a) Insufficient (b) Unsuitable or defective. (c) Not separate for sexes.			NIL		
Other offences against the Act (not including offences relating to Outwork).					

PART V111 OF THE ACT - OUTWORK

(Sections 110 and 111)

Nature of Work	Section 110			Section 111		
	No. of outworkers in August list required by Section 110 (1) (c).	No. of cases of default in sending lists to the Council.	No. of prosecutions for failure to supply lists	No. of instances of work in unwholesome premises.	Notices served.	Prosecutions.
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
Wearing Apparel	3	-	-	-	-	-
TOTAL	3	-	-	-	-	-